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#### **WDM Sensor Networks for Military Platforms**

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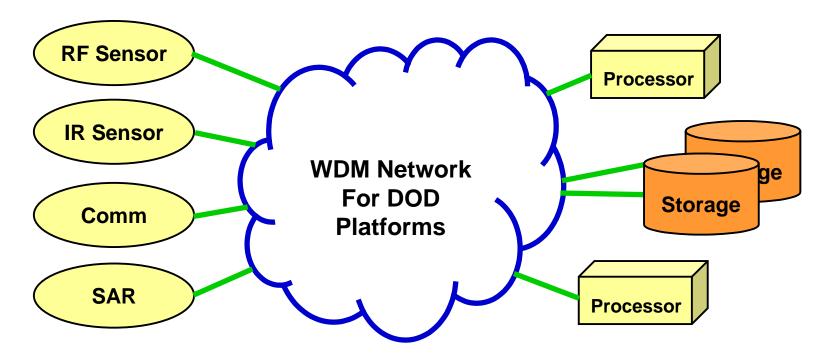


#### **OUTLINE**

- The emerging Optical Transport Networking (OTN) for telecom
- WDM sensor networks
- New components required
- New functions enabled by the network



## Ideal Sensor Networks for DOD Platforms

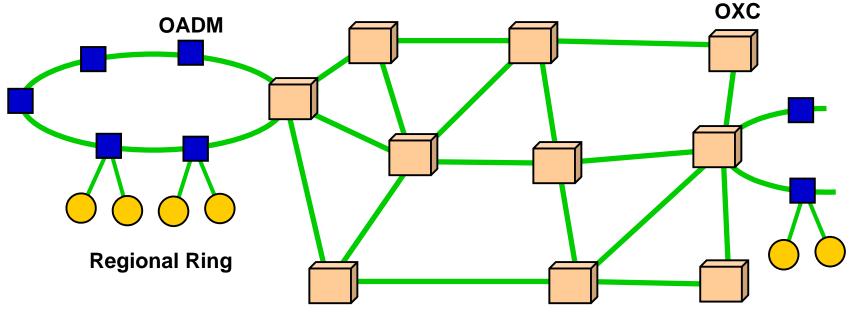


- Mixed RF/digital/analog signals
- Distributed sensors in all locations
- Connectivity (more than point-to-point)
- High survivability, fault tolerant
  - Dynamic reconfigurable, wide instantaneous bandwidth



#### **Telecom Optical Transport Networking**

- WDM is quickly evolving from point-to-point capacity expansion to scalable and robust optical transport networking (OTN)
- Catering to an expanding variety of client signals with equally varied service requirement



**Core Optical Transport Network** 

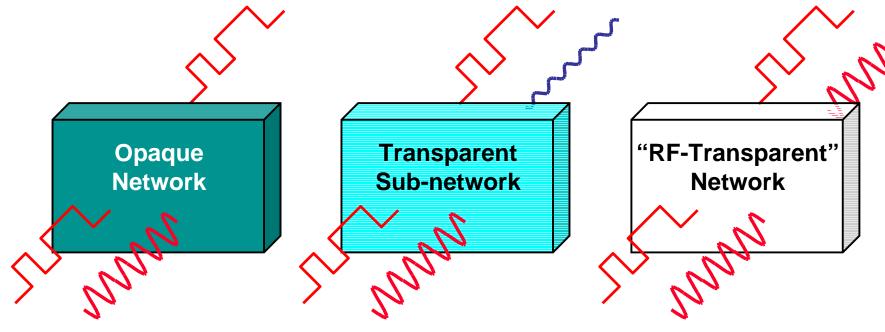
### The Issue of Optical Transparency

- Early visions of "All-Optical" Transport Networking
  - Any signal (digital or analog)
  - Anywhere
  - Anytime
- "Idealized" vision tempered by practical constraints analog network engineering → "Opaque networks"
  - "Optoelectronics" (usually with 3R) required to mitigate analog noise accumulation and maintain the network
- Practical vision of OTN
  - Optically transparent sub-networks (islands) bounded by feature-enhanced optoelectronics
  - Size and capability of the optically transparent sub-network grows as technology and standards matures

Adapted from: P. Bonenfant, "Optical Networking Standards," OFC 2000 Tutorial



## **Granularity of "Transparency"**

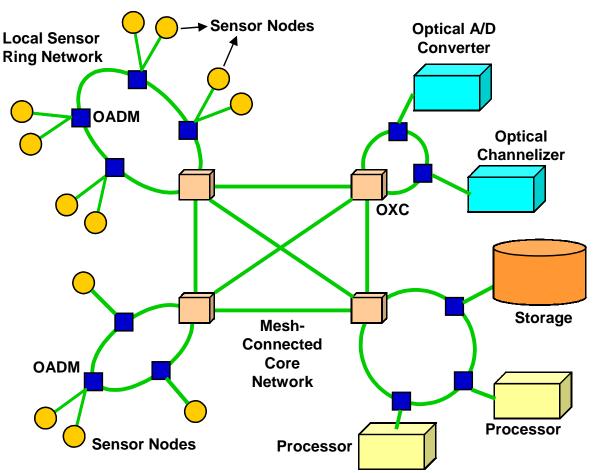


- Multi-vendor interoperability
- No cumulative impairments (noise, nonliearity)
- Provisioning and restoration at wavelength level
- RF signal integrity not guaranteed

- Support mixed RF/digital signals
- Need "RFcompliant" WDM components



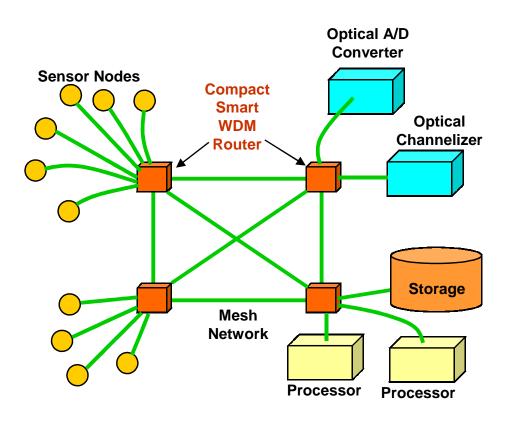
#### WDM Integrated Sensor Network



- Highly survivable
  - Built-in protection and restoration
- Dynamically reconfigurable
- Provisioning at wavelength level (Bandwidth on demand)
- Supper large number of nodes
- "Future-proof"
  - Add more sensors
  - Add optical front-end preprocessors
  - Increase RF frequency
- Pay as you grow
  - Add more wavelengths when needed



#### **OXC for WDM Sensor Network**



- Need much more compact OXC
  - Telecom OXC too big in size, weight, power, and capacity
- What can we do without?
  - Probably don't need wavelength conversion (?)
  - → Use wavelength-selective cross connect (WSXC)
- Combine WSXC and OADM
  - Smart WDM Router

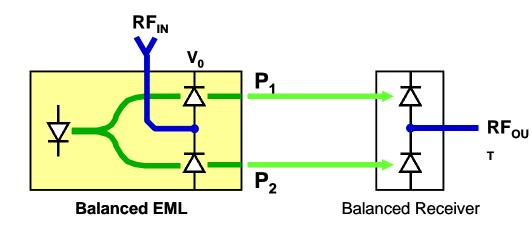


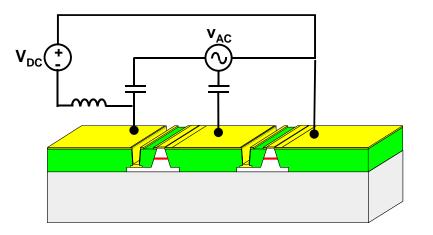
### **RF-Compliant Components**

- WDM components with < -40 dB optical isolation</li>
- Flat passband response
- Many RF-compliant optoelectronic components are being developed by RFLICS
- Balanced EA modulator with high linearity and low noise



## Balanced EA Modulator (BEAM) for "RF-Transparent" WDM Networks

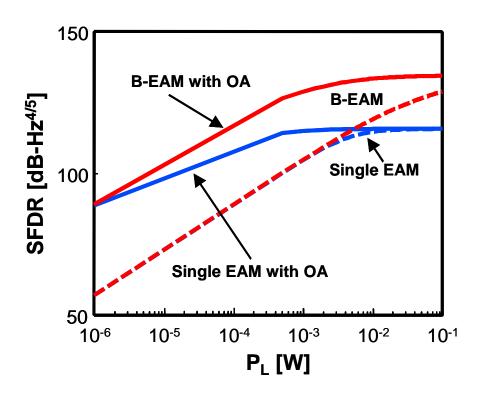


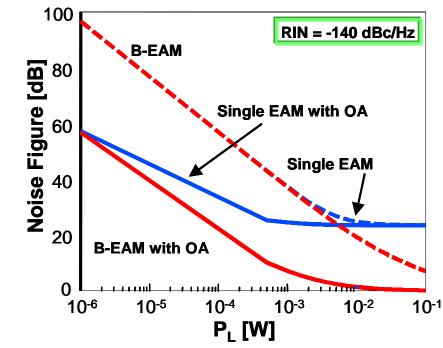


- Complementary output at all bias voltages
- BEAM balanced link:
  - All even order distortions cancelled
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> order intermod nulled
  - RIN cancelled
  - Common ASE of SOA suppressed
- High fidelity link achieved with telecom-grade lasers and modulators
- Ideal for mixed mode (digital + RF) WDM networks



## Calculated Spurious-Free Dynamic Range and Noise Figure of BEAM

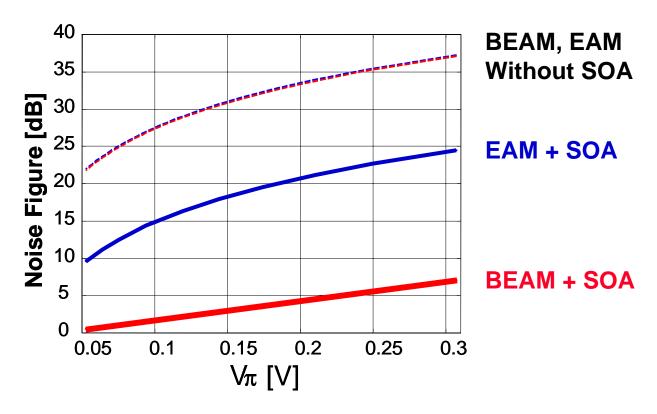




High SFDR and low NF can be achieved at moderate laser power and RIN



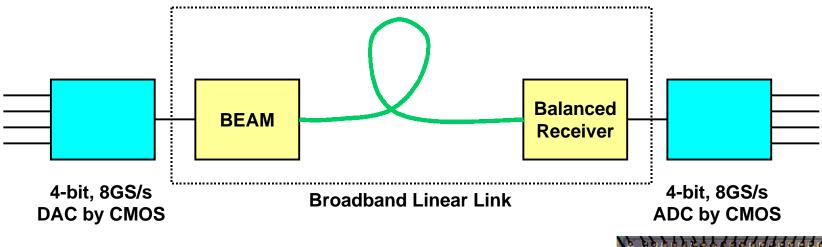
### **Comparison of BEAM and EAM**



• Noise Figure of BEAM is lower than EAM with 5x lower  $V\pi$ 

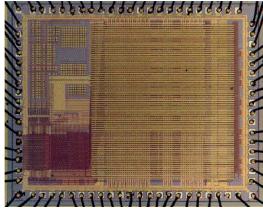


# Ultra-High Speed Link using CMOS Multi-Level Tx/Rx Chips



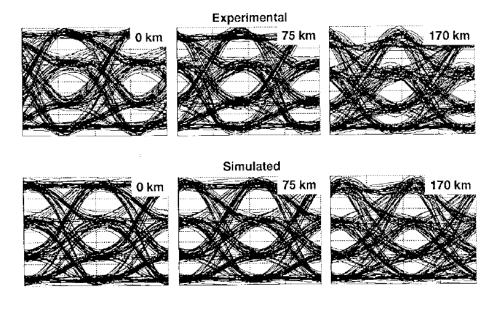


- 30 Gbps transmission by combining linear link with high speed CMOS DAC/ADC
- High spectral efficiency (>> 1 bit/Hz)
- Prof. Ken Yang (UCLA), leader in high speed CMOS Tx/Rx design



0.25 μm CMOS Prof. Ken Yang (UCLA)

### Multi-Level Signaling Digital Transmission



- M-ary signaling
  - Reduced bandwidth (bandwidth ~ symbol rate)
  - Increased spectral efficiency (>> 1 b/sec/Hz)
  - Resistant to dispersion
  - 40 Gbit/s over 35 km standard single mode fiber demonstrated by Alcatel
- For large M
  - Need network with large SFDM
  - Need more optical power
- Walklin, S.; Conradi, J. "Multilevel signaling for increasing the reach of 10 Gb/s lightwave systems. IEEE Journal of Lightwave Technology, vol.17, p.2235-48, 1999.
- Wedding, et al. (Alcatel), "40 Gbit/s quaternary dispersion supported transmission over 31 km standard single mode fiber without optical dispersion compensation," ECOC '98, p.523.



#### **SUMMARY**

- "RF-transparent" WDM network for sensor networks for military platforms
- Compact Smart WDM Router
- Balanced electro-absorption modulator (BEAM) for mixed RF/digital signals
- Multi-level signaling for possible 40 Gbit/sec WDM in CMOS

